- (i) All grounds for withholding any of the information under any exemption of the FOIA, and
- (ii) In the case of Exemption 4, the reason why the information is a trade secret, commercial, or financial information that is privileged or confidential.
- (2) If a submitter fails to respond to the notice in paragraph (d) of the section within 30 days, the Board shall assume that the submitter has no objection to disclosure. The Board shall not consider information not received by the Board until after a disclosure decision has been made. Information provided by a submitter under this paragraph might itself be subject to disclosure under the FOIA.
- (g) Notice of intent to disclose. The Board shall consider a submitter's objections and specific grounds for non-disclosure in deciding whether to disclose the business records. Whenever the Board decides to disclose business records over the objection of a submitter, it shall give the submitter written notice, that will include:
- (1) A statement of the reason(s) the submitter's objections were not sustained;
- (2) A description of the business records to be disclosed; and
- (3) A specified disclosure date at a reasonable time subsequent to the notice.
- (h) Exceptions to notice requirements. The notice requirements in paragraphs (d) and (g) of this section shall not apply if:
- (1) The Board determines that the information should not be disclosed;
- (2) The information has been published legally or has been officially made available to the public;
- (3) Disclosure of the information is required by another statute or by a regulation issued in accordance with Executive Order 12600 (3 CFR, 1988 Comp., p. 235); or
- (4) The objection made by the submitter under paragraph (f) of this section appears frivolous. In such a case, the Board shall promptly notify the submitter of its decision using the guidelines in paragraph (g) of this section.
- (i) Notice of FOIA lawsuit. When a requestor files a lawsuit seeking to com-

pel the disclosure of business information, the Board shall promptly notify the submitter.

(j) Corresponding notice to requestors. When the Board provides a submitter with either notice and an opportunity to object to disclosure under paragraph (d) of this section or with its intent to disclose requested information under paragraph (g) of this section, the Board also shall notify the requestor(s). When a submitter files a lawsuit seeking to prevent the disclosure of business information, the Board shall notify the requestor(s).

§1303.114 Appeals.

- (a)(1) Appeals of adverse determinations. If you are dissatisfied with the Board's response to your request, you may appeal to the Board's Executive Director:
- (i) By mail to: U.S. Nuclear Waste Technical Review Board, 2300 Clarendon Boulevard, Suite 1300, Arlington, VA 22201;
- (ii) By e-mail to: foia@nwtrb.gov specifying that this is a FOIA request in the subject line; or
 - (iii) By fax to: 703-235-4495.
- (2) The appeal must be in writing and must be received within 30 days of the date of the Board's response. The appeal letter, e-mail, or fax may include as much or as little related information as you wish, as long is it clearly identifies the Board determination that you are appealing, including the assigned request number, if known. For prompt handling, please mark your appeal "Freedom of Information Act Appeal."
- (b) Responses to appeals. Requestors shall be notified in writing of the decision on the appeal. A decision affirming an adverse determination shall include a statement of the reason(s) for the affirmation, including any FOIA exemption(s) applied, and shall include the FOIA provisions for court review of the decision. If the adverse determination is reversed or modified on appeal, the request shall be reprocessed in accordance with that appeal decision.
- (c) When appeal is required. If a review by a court or any adverse determination is desired, the determination must first be appealed under this section.

§ 1303.115

- (d) Denial of appeal. An adverse determination by the Executive Director shall be the final action of the Board.
- (e) *Unacceptable appeals*. An appeal will not be acted on if the request becomes a matter of FOIA litigation.

§ 1303.115 Preservation of records.

The Board shall preserve all correspondence pertaining to the requests that it receives under this part, as well as copies of all requested records, until disposition or destruction is authorized by title 44 of the United States Code or the National Archives and Records Administration's General Records Schedule 14. Records will not be disposed of while they are the subject of a pending request, appeal, or lawsuit.

§ 1303.116 Other rights and services.

Nothing in this part shall be construed to entitle any person, as a right, to any service or to the disclosure of any record to which such person is not entitled under the FOIA.

PART 1304—PRIVACY ACT OF 1974

1304.101 Purpose and scope. 1304.102 Definitions. 1304.103 Privacy Act inquiries. 1304.104 Privacy Act records maintained by the Board. 1304.105 Requests for access to records. 1304.106 Processing of requests. 1304.107 Fees. 1304.108 Appealing denials of access. 1304.109 Requests for correction of records. 1304.110 Disclosure of records to third parties. 1304.111 Maintaining records of disclosures. 1304.112 Notification of systems of Privacy Act records. 1304.113 Privacy Act training. 1304.114 Responsibility for maintaining adequate safeguards. 1304.115 Systems of records covered by exemptions. 1304.116 Mailing lists.

AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 552a(f).

Source: 72 FR 8879, Feb. 28, 2007, unless otherwise noted.

§1304.101 Purpose and scope.

This part sets forth the policies and procedures of the U.S. Nuclear Waste Technical Review Board (Board) regarding access to systems of records maintained by the Board under the Pri-

vacy Act of 1974, Public Law 93–579, 5 U.S.C. 552a. The provisions in the Act shall take precedence over any part of the Board's regulations in conflict with the Act. These regulations establish procedures by which an individual may exercise the rights granted by the Privacy Act to determine whether a Board system contains a record pertaining to him or her; to gain access to such records; and to request correction or amendment of such records. These regulations also set identification requirements and prescribe fees to be charged for copying records.

§ 1304.102 Definitions.

The terms used in these regulations are defined in the Privacy Act of 1974, 5 U.S.C. 552a. In addition, as used in this part:

- (a) Agency means any executive department, military department, government corporation, or other establishment in this executive branch of the Federal Government, including the Executive Office of the President or any independent regulatory agency;
- (b) *Individual* means any citizen of the United States or an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence;
- (c) Maintain means to collect, use, store, or disseminate records as well as any combination of these record-keeping functions. The term also includes exercise of control over, and therefore responsibility and accountability for, systems of records;
- (d) Record means any item, collection, or grouping of information about an individual that is maintained by the Board and contains the individual's name or other identifying information, such as a number or symbol assigned to the individual or his or her fingerprint, voice print, or photograph. The term includes, but is not limited to, information regarding an individual's education, financial transactions, medical history, and criminal or employment history;
- (e) System of records means a group of records under the control of the Board from which information is retrievable by use of the name of the individual or by some number, symbol, or other identifying particular assigned to the individual: